

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 26.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, SEPT. 10, 1896.

NUMBER 3.

Perfect Fitting
Perfect Shape
Trimmed Well
Made Well
At Popular Prices

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STYLE, MATERIAL
AND FINISH
JUST RIGHT.



Every
Pair Warranted

THEY MEET THE WANTS OF ALL.

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You may buy a pair of DUTCHESS WOOL TROUSERS at

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AND WEAR THEM TWO MONTHS. FOR EVERY SUSPENDER
BUTTON THAT COMES OFF WE WILL PAY YOU TEN CENTS.
IF THEY RIP AT THE WAISTBAND WE WILL PAY YOU FIFTY
CENTS. IF THEY RIP IN THE SEAT OR ELSEWHERE WE WILL
PAY YOU ONE DOLLAR, OR GIVE YOU A NEW PAIR.

Best in the World Try a Pair

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Remember we have Standard Patterns. They are giving the best of
satisfaction. Try them.

A FEW HAMMOCKS

At Reduced Prices to Close.

Also a full line of Granite Iron Ware at lower prices than ever
before.

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At Bottom Prices all This Month.

W. J. KNAPP.

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Millinery!

Now Ready at

MRS. STAFFAN'S.

Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.

Cheap Ice Cream

That is no story, "nit."

Cheap ice cream that is dear at any price, is better than ice cream
advertised to be all sweet cream, with gelatine or gold flake in to take the
place of sweet cream.

When in Chelsea call on

E. L. ALEXANDER

And get the best. Cheapest in price but Best in Quality.

Miss Bridget McKune.

On Wednesday, Sept. 2, 1896, at 6 a. m.,
the gentle spirit of Miss Bridget McKune
went to its eternal rest.

Her sufferings for some time were
agonizing, but she endured them with
marvellous patience, and edited all by the
noble Christian manner with which she
bore them. Her funeral was held from
St. Mary's church on Friday, Sept. 4,
1896, at 10 a. m., and was largely
attended.

The ladies' Sodality, of which Miss Mc-
Kune was a member, turned out in a body
with medal and ribbon, and presented a
fine appearance. The pastor, the Rev
W. P. Considine, sang the high mass of
Requiem, and the Rev. Dr. Reilly, an in-
timate friend of the deceased, preached a
most touching and eloquent sermon.

The floral offerings were exquisite. The
Sodality presented two beautiful pieces,
and also a spiritual boquet, painted on
white satin and exquisitely decorated by
Miss Alice Gorman. The remains were
interred in St. Mary's cemetery, Sylvan.

Miss McKune was a lady of very lovable
characteristics, and had hosts of friends.
Her beautiful Christian character was
shown in her long and terrible illness,
which brought out her rare gentleness and
beautiful patience. May her soul rest in
peace.

Special.

In view of the fact that the Congrega-
tionalists have no pastor, and that next
Sunday, 18th inst., will be "Conference
Sunday," and our M. E. pastor will be
absent, I have obtained the use of the
Congregational church for that day, both
morning and evening. This has been
done to give me an opportunity to call
the attention of this community to certain
fundamental gospel truths, that wisdom,
prudence, righteousness and patriotism
have especial use for at this very hour.

My topic in the morning will be, "The
Only Safe and True Leader," text, John
xii. 22, Follow thou me. In the evening
I will discuss the labor question; text,
Luke x. 7, The laborer is worthy of his
hire. Men and women, old and young,
citizens and strangers, capitalists and day
laborers, Christians, infidels and politicians
are all earnestly invited. Seats free.

THOMAS HOLMES.

Climate and Crop Bulletin.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8, 1896.—The reports as
to the condition of the crops throughout
the country and the general effect of the
weather upon the growth, cultivation and
harvest of same were to-day made by the
directors of the several climate and crop
sections. The reports received at Chi-
cago were as follows:

The week ending September 7 was
cooler than usual over the northern dis-
tricts from the Missouri valley eastward
to the middle Atlantic and New England
coasts. The week was also slightly
cooler than usual along the immediate
east Gulf.

While more than the usual amount of
rain fell in New England, over portions of
the lake region, middle Atlantic states
and limited areas in the central valley and
on the Gulf coasts, the week was dryer
than usual over the greater part of the
country.

The week has been very favorable for
general farm work and maturing crops.
Corn cutting has progressed favorably,
and the late crop is mostly safe. Plowing
for fall seeding has made good progress
during the week, and the general condi-
tion of the soil is now very favorable for
this work. Winter wheat seeding has
made good progress in Iowa and Michi-
gan, but has been delayed in Nebraska,
portions of Missouri and in Pennsylvania.
Frost occurred in the Dakotas, Montana,
Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York
and New England, but the damage was
generally very slight.

Michigan: A good week for farm
work. Rains have put ground in splendid
condition for plowing and seeding, and
this work has been pushed. Frosts did
slight damage to potatoes, corn and gar-
den truck on low ground. A majority of
correspondents report corn beyond danger
of frost and that cutting is general, the
yield being of fine quality and quantity.

E. B. GARRIOTT,
Professor, Weather Bureau.

Don't at once suspect your servants
when the house is robbed.

GO TO THE BANK DRUG STORE

For School Books, Tablets, Drawing
Books, Copy Books, Pencils,
Slates, Pens,

And everything used in school. We are headquarters.

New Wall Paper

We are receiving shipments of new wall paper for our
fall trade. Come in and look at them before buying. It will pay you to
keep posted on our prices on

CHOICE GROCERIES.

Full cream cheese 10 cents pound
Electric kerosene oil 9 cents gal.
19 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.
8 pounds whole, clean rice for 25c
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.
6 pounds English currents for 25c
Good tea dust 8c per pound.
Garden seeds of all descriptions
8 pounds fresh prunes for 25c
Strongest ammonia 4 cents per pint.
Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.
Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can

12 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.
10 bars good soap for 25 cents.
7 cans sardines for 25 cents.
5 pounds best crackers for 25c.
Poultry powder 15c per package.
Choice apricots 10c per pound.
Large choice lemons.
Try our 25c N. O. molasses.
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
A first-class lantern for 29c.
Good Machine Oil 25c per gallon.
23 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
Best Herring 12c per box.

Glazier & Stimson

We Are Making Some Special Prices

On Granite Preserving Kettles, Pails, Wash Dishes,
Pie Plates, Hammocks, Baby Carriages, Fruit Jars,
Glassware, Crockery, etc.

HOAG & HOLMES

See our Lawn Chairs and Monarch Bicycles.

We Can't Help Keeping Ahead.

We satisfy the people. That's what tells the tale. Whatever you
want to buy, buy it of the leaders in the business—men who have the
facilities and low prices. Compare quality with quality, price with price,
and you will be convinced that the place to buy your bread, cakes and
confectionery is Neckel Bros. Our Ice Cream speaks for itself as to what
is in it. Compare it with any made in Chelsea, and you will have no other.

Bread, 2 Loaves for 5 Cents.

NECKEL BROS.

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Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric
alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made,
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Designer and Builder of

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Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.
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We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the
rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice.
Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10
Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derriek 2-8 Miller Ave.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA. MICHIGAN.

A COMPANY has been formed in London, possessed of adequate capital, whose business it is to send caretakers to the homes of the owners of bicycles at regular intervals to keep the modern toy in perfect repair. This service is done for a stipulated sum each week or month. The same company also insures the owner against damage not only to his machine but to his person.

PRINCESS LI, the wife of Li Hung Chang, is 50 years old, but is said to look 20 years younger. Her feet have been fashioned to such smallness that she can not walk, and has to be carried about in a chair—a magnificent one, of course—yet she owns 1,000 pairs of shoes. Her husband's wealth enables her to have nearly 1,000 silk dresses, and she can select from 500 fur garments in winter.

THE island of Zanzibar has an area of about 635 square miles, and the size of Pemba, an adjoining island, which is also in the dominion of the Zanzibar ruler, is 360 square miles. Both of these islands are situated in the heart of the tropics, being seven degrees south of the equator. There is a deep channel of about thirty miles in width separating the two islands from the main land of the African coast.

THE greatest diving feat ever achieved was in moving the cargo of the ship Cape Horn, wrecked off the coast of South America, when a diver named Hooper made seven descents to a depth of over 200 feet, remaining at at one time 43 minutes under the water. An authority states that the greatest depths to which a man has been known to descend does not exceed 220 feet, which is equivalent to a pressure of 88 1/2 pounds to the square inch.

THE largest ballot yet printed for an election in Philadelphia will be used in the coming presidential contest. A proof of the ballot was received by the city commissioners the other day and it measured two feet by nearly three feet. The number of parties in the field is what has caused the increase in the size of the sheet. There are nine columns. Eight parties are already in the fight, and the ninth column is for the use of any party that may yet decide to go into it.

At the exposition of 1900 there will be some wonderful displays of engraved diamonds. In 1878 one was exhibited bearing a portrait of the king of Holland, but the execution was imperfect. This art has now been brought almost to perfection. A large circular stone bearing in delicate lines a pansy with its foliage is beautiful beyond description. Another work noticed was a bicycle of which the wheels were two large stones, the spokes engraved, the mountings gold with ruby points at the bearings.

LI HUNG CHANG, when at home, lives in Tien-tsin. His home is a low, unpretentious, even squalid-looking building, the premises occupying several acres, yet having nothing imperial in appearance. The furniture is a simple arrangement of tables and straight-backed teak-wood chairs, with red marble seats, and perhaps ornamented with an embroidered cloth. The open court is the most attractive part of his residence. In it are many beautiful flowers and foliage plants, and here and there elaborately carved wood screens.

THE great palace at Zanzibar, shelled and destroyed the other day by the British South and East Coast of Africa squadron, was a two-story structure built near the harbor front in old oriental style. The palace was east of and close to the fort. It was fronted by a wharf and defended by a stuccoed platform on which eight guns of inferior quality were mounted. The palace inside was gorgeously arranged and furnished. No potentate on any European throne enjoys himself more than his imperial highness of Zanzibar and Pemba.

WHILE from August 5 to August 13 there were 1,255 prostrations by heat in New York city and vicinity, and 625 deaths, the temperature on the streets in the shade seven days out of the eight reaching 100 degrees Fahrenheit, it is stated that the record would have been much longer but for the general use of electric ventilators and fan motors. This is confirmed by accounts from all over the country. The currents of air set in motion are, in such torrid weather, the breath of life to workers of every kind.

THE richest people in the world are about to make an important change in their condition. They live in the territory of Oklahoma, and are known as the Osage Indians. Every man, woman and child is worth an independent fortune, and they draw a big pot of money from the United States treasury four times a year. Each grown person or infant owns 1,000 acres of fine land. However, the lands belonging to the tribe have not yet been divided up among its members. This is soon to be done, and a result will be the opening of the country to settlement and trade.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

The First national bank of Beatrice, Neb., has closed its doors with liabilities of \$110,000.

While a crew were threshing on the farm of Herbert Lossing, near Sanilac Center, Mich., the boiler exploded, killing three men and severely injuring two others.

George Kelly, for several years a member of the Boston Ideal Opera company, was killed by a train at Bloomington, Ill.

Judge Thomas, assistant attorney-general for the post office department, has decided that it is unlawful to send an ordinary letter by express or otherwise outside of the mails unless it be inclosed in a government-stamped envelope.

Election returns from Vermont indicate that the entire republican state ticket was elected by an increased majority.

Ten thousand employees under the war department have been classified in the civil service, in accordance with the sweeping order of the president of May 6 last.

Secretary Hoke Smith closed his administration of the affairs of the interior department on the 1st and retired from the cabinet.

Joseph Orosz was executed at Pittsburgh, Pa., for the murder of his sweetheart, Theresa Bobak.

Charles E. Warburton, proprietor of the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph, was found dead in bed in his room at the Garden hotel at Atlantic City, N. J. Heart trouble was supposed to be the cause.

In the free-for-all pacing race at Fleetwood Park, N. Y., John R. Gentry won three straight heats in 2:03 3/4, 2:03 1/4 and 2:03 1/4. The time for the three heats is the fastest ever made by a harness horse.

John S. Poyan, a dealer in carriage findings at Amesbury, Mass., made an assignment with liabilities of \$100,000.

Complete returns give Grout, the republican candidate for governor of Vermont, a plurality of 39,093.

Rev. James DeBuchanane, Ph. D., M. D., was found dead in his chair at his home in Galveston, Tex.

Among those who paid their respects to Li Hung Chang in New York was a deputation of clergymen representing the various American boards of foreign missions engaged in missionary work in China, including the American board of commissioners for foreign missions.

Hon. Richard C. Kerens, of Elkins, W. Va., has been placed at the head of the bureau for railway men recently created by the republican national committee.

William V. Tremont fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide at New Orleans, domestic trouble being the cause.

The Commercial hotel at Van Cleeck, Ont., was partially destroyed by fire and five persons were burned to death.

An engine at Ottumwa, Ia., struck and killed T. H. Phillips, aged 60, an extensive dealer in shoes at Ottumwa, Ia., and Duluth, Minn.

The state bank examiner has taken charge of the Manufacturers' bank of West Duluth, Minn.

The treasury official statement shows that for August the deficit was \$10,139,580, and for the fiscal year to date \$23,108,739. The receipts for August were \$25,562,096, or \$3,000,000 less than for August, 1895. The expenditures for August were \$35,701,676, or \$3,000,000 more than for August, 1895.

The state banking board has taken charge of the State Loan & Trust company bank of Ogalala, Neb., and ordered its doors closed.

Grand Army of the Republic veterans indulged in their annual parade at their gathering in St. Paul, Minn., and the line was over two miles long.

The Woman's Christian Temperance union has been called to meet in twenty-third annual convention at St. Louis November 13-18.

Several people were severely injured by the collision of an electric car and a railroad train at Minneapolis, Minn.

William Malson, a farm hand employed by a farmer named Lou Wilson near Neponset, Ill., while returning from work found the bodies of Wilson, his wife and their four-year-old child dead in the barn, shot through the temple. It was supposed that Wilson committed the horrible crime.

At the session of the Ladies of the G. A. R. at St. Paul, Minn., Mrs. Catherine E. Hurst was elected president. The secretary reported 71 new circles, 32,750 members and \$16,000 expended in relief.

The treasury circulation statement shows that on September 1 all kinds of money in the United States, outside of what is held in the treasury, aggregated \$1,539,169,634, or \$21.48 per capita on an estimated population of 71,645,000.

At the annual meeting of the Women's Relief corps in St. Paul a report was read which showed the membership of the order to be 110,604, and 2,953 corps. In relief \$37,443 had been expended, and since the organization \$1,373,076.

Mrs. Jennie McGowan, of Covington, O., took arsenic by mistake in trying to stop a headache and died in a few hours.

At Chadron, Neb., the two children of Assistant Postmaster Danielly, aged four years and 14 months, were suffocated by a fire in the family home.

Dr. Daniel McDonald, president of the Y. M. C. A. and a member of the wholesale firm of Kemper, Hundley & McDonald, committed suicide at St. Joseph, Mo.

A fire at Norfolk, Va., burned over an area of about two acres and destroyed 27 buildings.

The body of the young girl recently found in the river at Dayton, O., has been identified as that of Bessie Little, and a young business man was suspected of having murdered her.

In his annual address Commander in Chief Walker, of the Grand Army of the Republic, said that the total membership of the order was 385,406, of which 340,610 are in good standing and 42,511 are carried on the suspended list for nonpayment of dues. Buffalo, N. Y., was selected as the next place of meeting.

W. Wylie, a schoolmaster near McKeesport, Pa., was attacked by the mothers of children attending his school and has fled to save his life. Shocking charges are made against him.

Every mill in the steel department of the Edgar Thomson works of the Carnegie company at Braddock, Pa. has suspended operations indefinitely.

The cottage in which Gen. Grant was born was dedicated on the ground of the state board of agriculture at Columbus, O., as a part of the exercises of the state fair in progress there.

Ex-Gov. David R. Francis, of Missouri, took the oath of office at Washington as secretary of the interior, the oath being administered by Associate Justice Harlan, of the United States supreme court.

There were 334 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 4th, against 320 the week previous and 186 in the corresponding period of 1895.

An informal but hearty reception was given Senator John M. Palmer on his return home at Springfield, Ill., from Indianapolis, where he was nominated for the presidency by the "sound money" democrats.

The First national bank of Helena, Mont., has been placed in the hands of a receiver.

Mrs. Agnes Hitt, of Indianapolis, Ind., was elected president of the Women's Relief corps in session at St. Paul, Minn.

Maj. Thaddeus S. Clarkson, of Omaha, Neb., was elected commander in chief of the G. A. R. by acclamation by the national encampment held at St. Paul, Minn.

Gov. Bradley, of Kentucky, has commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of Anthony Alcorn (colored), of Standford, for the murder of his father.

William Hall shot his 18-year-old daughter at Bloomington, Ind., because she married against his will. He then shot himself. The daughter will recover, but Hall is fatally shot.

It was stated on good authority at Chicago that the affairs of the Diamond Match and New York Biscuit companies, in so far as the recent speculative complications are concerned, were in a fair way to be settled.

Dr. Thomas Gallagher, the Irish-American who was released recently after an incarceration for 13 years in an English prison, has arrived in New York.

In an encounter at Kilbourne, Ark., between Dave and Joseph McKee, father and son, and J. C. Wilson, all of West Carroll parish, Ky., both the McKees were killed and Wilson was mortally wounded.

W. Dallack & Co., diamond dealers of New York, have made an assignment with liabilities of \$125,000.

I. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade, predict a revival of business in trade circles owing to the continued importation of gold.

George W. Roberts was hanged at Folsom prison, Sacramento, Cal., for cutting the throat of Walter Freeman during a barroom quarrel on April last.

Rev. Thomas F. Reeser and John D. Love were drowned in the Juniata river while bathing near Hollidaysburg, Pa.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 4th aggregated \$827,011,134, against \$748,084,748 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week in 1895 is 7.8.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Henry O. Kent was nominated for governor by New Hampshire democrats in state convention at Concord.

The democratic, populist and silver party state convention in session at Milwaukee adopted resolutions substantially identical in the endorsement of free silver and W. J. Bryan. W. C. Silverthorne was the nominee of all three parties for governor.

Congressional nominations were made as follows: Alabama, Fifth district, Willis M. Brewer (dem.); Seventh, M. W. Howard (dem.); Illinois, Ninth district, Samuel Ray (dem.); Minnesota, Fifth district, S. M. Owen (dem-pop.); Michigan, Sixth district, Quincy A. Smith (dem-pop.); New York, Eighth district, John M. Mitchell (rep.); Tenth, Clarence W. Mead (rep.); Thirteenth, Richard Shannon (rep.); Fourteenth, Lemuel Quigg (rep.).

Hon. George A. Ramsdell was nominated for governor by acclamation by the republicans in state convention at Concord, N. H.

Chairman W. D. Bynum, of the national committee of the "sound money" democratic party, has announced that the headquarters will be located in Chicago, with a branch in New York.

Republicans in state convention at Hartford, Conn., nominated a ticket headed by Lorin A. Cooke for governor. Gen. John M. Palmer, United States senator from Illinois, was nominated for president of the United States by the anti-silver democrats at their second and last day's session at Indianapolis, Ind., and Gen. S. B. Buckner, of Kentucky, was nominated for vice president. Only two candidates were put in nomination for president—Gen. Palmer and Gen. Bragg, of Wisconsin—the former receiving 75 1/2 votes and the latter 124 1/2. Gen. Buckner was nominated by acclamation. The platform declares for a single gold standard, demands strict economy in the appropriations and in the administration of the government, denounces protection, favors arbitration for the settlement of international disputes, favors a liberal policy of pensions to deserving soldiers and sailors of the United States and indorses the administration of President Cleveland.

The democratic state convention of Nebraska met in Omaha and indorsed the nominees of the populist state convention held recently at Hastings.

The democratic state convention in session at Missoula, Mont., and the populist convention nominated fusion presidential and state tickets, headed by Silas Malcomb for governor.

Congressional nominations were made as follows: California, Third district, W. R. English (dem.); Kentucky, Eleventh district, James D. Black (dem.); Maryland, Fifth district, Robert Moss (dem.); Michigan, Eleventh district, J. G. Ramsdell (dem.); New Hampshire, First district, C. A. Sulloway (rep.); Second, F. G. Clarke (rep.); Fifth, John B. Nash (dem.).

FOREIGN.

The Dupont Rouge dock, with two warehouses containing cotton and lard, were burned at Havre, France, the loss being \$200,000.

It was said that King Humbert of Italy will announce his abdication after the marriage of the prince of Naples, the heir apparent, to Princess Helene of Montenegro.

It is now estimated that 5,000 persons perished in the recent massacres at Constantinople. The ambassadors of the powers are preparing a note in which the whole blame is laid upon the shoulders of the government of Turkey.

The town of Rukogo, Japan, has been entirely destroyed by earthquake and several other towns severely damaged. Many persons are reported to have been killed and a still greater number injured.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., and his bride, formerly Miss Wilson, of New York, have arrived in London.

Admiral Brin, Italian minister of marine, has asked for a credit of 4,000,000 lire for the purpose of mobilizing the Atlantic squadron.

Steamers arriving at Stornoway, Scotland, from Iceland, report that the severest earthquake since 1784 occurred there the night of August 26.

LATER.

The democrats of the Tenth Wisconsin district nominated Judge Bundy for congress, and in the same district the republicans nominated Judge Parker. In the Tenth Michigan district Charles G. Hampton was nominated by the democrats.

Practically every department of the Cambria iron works at Johnstown, Pa., shut down for an indefinite period, throwing 2,000 men out of employment.

Dorman Musgrove and C. A. Gingham were lynched at Glencoe, Minn., for the killing on June 25 of Sheriff Joseph Rogers while he was attempting to arrest them for assaulting a farmer.

A steam yacht containing 12 people was swamped in the Niagara river near Buffalo, N. Y., and William G. Farthing, aged 45, and Miss Lou Gilbert, aged 30, were drowned.

H. Dumois & Co., of New York, among the largest importers of West India fruit in America, failed for \$25,000.

The Jackson county bank, the oldest financial institution in Black River Falls, Wis., closed its doors with liabilities of \$50,000.

The opera house at Benton Harbor, Mich., was burned, and falling walls killed 11 firemen and injured several others. The property loss is \$65,000.

In a fight in Bell county, Ky., between moonshiners over the division of money made by selling liquor, three men and a boy were killed.

The Harvey A. Meyer carriage works in Syracuse, N. Y., went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$320,000.

During a thunderstorm James Marx and daughter were struck by lightning near Shark's Ferry, Pa., and instantly killed.

An excursion train was wrecked at Taswell, Ind., and some 50 persons were injured, three fatally.

In Cairo, Egypt, 100 deaths a week from cholera are reported.

Dr. George B. Goode, assistant secretary of the Smithsonian Institution and the leading authority on fish and fisheries in the United States, died in Washington, aged 45 years.

By the explosion of a boiler near Edwardsville, Ind., Elsie Black, George Black and Dan Turner were killed.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 6th were as follows: Baltimore, .694; Cincinnati, .623; Cleveland, .514; Boston, .564; Chicago, .556; Pittsburgh, .545; Philadelphia, .487; New York, .474; Brooklyn, .465; Washington, .411; St. Louis, .304; Louisville, .261.

HINTS FOR THE HOME LAUNDRY.

The difficulty experienced by housekeepers generally in having washing done at home causes many who can afford the expense to send their clothes to laundries, where inferior soap and injurious washing fluids are used, while if proper attention is given the work it may be done quite as satisfactorily in the home laundry.

Assort the clothes, divide the table and bed linen from the wearing apparel, and the fine garments from the colored. First immerse the white articles in hot water and wash carefully with Ivory soap. After all are taken through the suds, put in a tub, pour boiling water over them, let cool, wash out in clear water, rinse in blue water, wring, starch and hang on the line. The colored clothes should then be washed in the same way, without scalding. When all are dry they should be taken from the line, sprinkled, folded evenly and laid in the clothes basket. The ironing must be done with hot, clean irons, and the clothes hung up to air.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

MAN wants but little here below, As some one said before, But when he gets it, don't you know, He wants a little more.

Good News from South Dakota.

The glorious results of this season's harvest of golden grain will pour a stream of sound money into the pockets of every Dakota farmer.

South Dakota has thousands of acres of choice farming and ranch land lying east of the Missouri river, and within one day's ride from Chicago or Milwaukee, which can now be bought reasonably cheap, but which before the end of another year may be advanced in price.

The stock raising industry in South Dakota is profitable, and eastern capital is now being invested in cattle and sheep growing in that state.

Diversified farming, the growing of live stock, and the products of the dairy, are placing South Dakota foremost in the ranks of the successful western states.

Those desiring full information on the subject, and particularly those who wish to seek a new home or purchase land, are requested to correspond with W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill., or H. P. Hunter, Immigration Agent for South Dakota, 36 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

"EMILE" asked the teacher in natural history, "which animal attaches himself to man the most?" Emile (after some reflection)—"The leech, sir!"

EXPLOSIONS of Coughing are stopped by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Health Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is impossible without pure, healthy blood. Purified and vitalized blood result from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills for the Liver and bowels.

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Double Daily Service

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NEW DAY TRAIN

DAYLIGHT SPECIAL

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Free Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars.

POPULAR SPECIAL

LY Chicago 9.00 pm Ar St. Louis 7.24 am

Free Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars, and Compartment Sleeping Cars. See that your ticket reads via the ILLINOIS CENTRAL R.R.

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WISCONSIN'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

WISCONSIN'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. BOTTLED BY DR. J. C. WATSON, 120 N. W. COR. 2ND & 1ST STS., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

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THE OLD RED SCHOOLHOUSE.

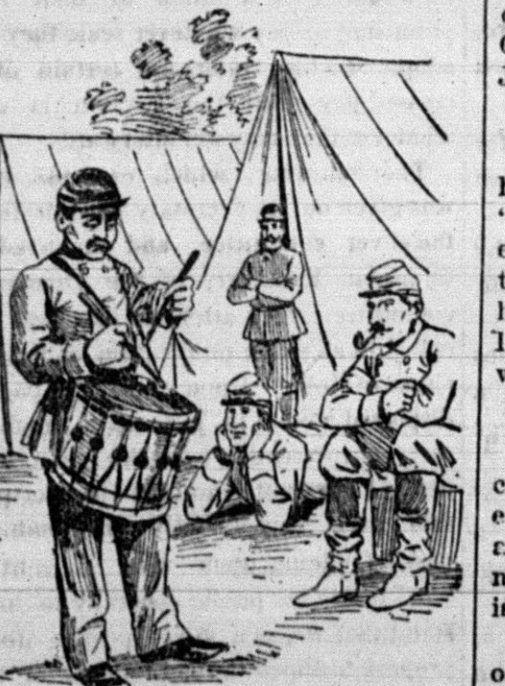
The old red schoolhouse was the crown
That capped the highest hill in town.
It calls to mind those former days
Our grandfathers trod in learning's ways;
Twas where they ciphered numbers
through.
And solved deep problems hard to do,
Then found in games to boyhood dear
Escape from study too severe;
In forest shade—"The wolf to spy;"
Adown the hills on sledge to fly;
To play with ball and bat
To play at "two and three old cat;"
And there as fox, with pace not slow,
To chase the geese across the snow.
That men should teach the winter school
Became the universal rule;
Much brawn the teacher must possess,
Though he might have of knowledge less.
The switch was large and toughened
through
And freely plied whenever due.
One thing promoted discipline
And held the roguish nature in—
It was the never-failing rule
Two strokes at home for one at school.
The schoolhouse was a place where met
Said learned men of every set;
The doctor came, the lawyer, too,
And clergyman, each with his cue;
But 'twas the school committee man
Who terrified the little clan.
Just twice he came in every term
To tell them what and how to learn,
And show the school and teacher, too,
How very, very much he knew.
How generous teachers then were found;
They aired spare beds the district round!
To spend those long, cold wintry nights
Of teachers went on queer "invites."
A bonny lass was heard to say:
"We've butchered pigs and killed the cow,
We're ready for the teacher now."
This boarding round was not in vain;
The child's and parent's hearts they'd
gain;
And were they what they ought to be,
The family life in some degree
Would rise, expand and nobler be.
Among our teachers, not a few
Were noble souls as clear as dew;
In school they more than science taught,
Taught manhood's worth in life and
thought.
And if we could, we'd let them know
How through our lives their teachings
flow.
But they'll not lack their meed of praise;
Their work will live in other days,
And with an influence sublime
Will leave its mark throughout all time.
—Rev. A. H. Simons, in Connecticut Quar-
terly.

DUMPEY.

LIEUT. THOMAS H. WILSON, U. S. A.

DUMPEY was a drummer in a foot
battery of the
United States ar-
tillery stationed at
one of the harbor
posts in the east.
His descriptive list
showed him five
feet one inch high,
sallow complexion,
brown hair, and 36
years of age. There were only two
things he could really do well—drum
and drink—so the junior lieutenant of
the battery, who was his "good friend"
(to use Dumpey's own words), dubbed
him D2.
There were a number of boys in the
garrison and we were all on intimate
terms with Dumpey. To us, in spite of
his 36 years and the fact that he had
served through the four years of the
war, he seemed but a boy. He was al-
ways good-natured; ready for a swim or
fish; ready to play ball, and some-
times, when in a particularly amiable
mood, ready to give us a lesson on the
drum, which he considered the "king
of instruments."
"Fiddles are all right," he said once
when the colonel's son ventured to dif-
fer with him, "fiddles are all right,
but," with a superior smile, "not for
soldiers. Did you ever hear tell of a
fiddler of Chickamauga? Come, answer
me that."
Of course we sided with Dumpey;
what real boy wouldn't?
I can see him now, with his drum
slung from his neck, his little figure
drawn up to its full height, proudly
showing us how to make the drum
talk.
"This is what we played at Mission
Ridge," and then he would begin.
One heard the tramp of marching
feet, the thunder of cannon, the rattle
of musketry, the shouts and hurrahs
of the men, and, above all, the rub-a-
dub-dub, the rub-a-dub-dub of the drum.
It sent the cold shivers down our backs,
the blood jumping through our veins,
and our boyish hearts thumped and
thumped until we thought they must
burst; then he would change and
in an instant all was different.
The slow and solemn beat of the muf-
fler drum; the long, melancholy, al-
most human roll, and we knew that the
battle was over, and that the dead were
being laid away to their last rest. The
ears were in our eyes, a choking in
our throats, and then
They dressed me up in sojer clothes,
They treated me so kindly,
And yet I never could forget
The girl I left behind me.
And we'd fall in and march behind
our friend until we reached the battery
quarters.
Sometimes when the grizzled first
sergeant of the battery was inclined to
be pleasant we would stay to dinner
with Dumpey; bean soup, pork, bread
and coffee, with a real live cook's bully
soldier) to wait on us, just as if we
were full-fledged battery men.
These were our happy times; there
were no ones (usually at pay day)
when poor Dumpey would fall from
grace and disappear from among us
for days at a time. Sometimes he would
be in the guard-house, sometimes in

the hospital. We never spoke of it, and
when the fit was over he would be safe
for a few more months.
It was a sad day for the battery, and
particularly for Dumpey, when the
junior lieutenant left our post by trans-
fer. The very next pay-day Dumpey
was in the guard-house with general
charges against him. Intercession
proved of no avail; the captain was
determined to make an example of him,
but the court was lenient, so after a
month's confinement Dumpey came
back to us, but an altered man. Not
that his manner had changed toward
us; he was still our friend, but his boy-
ishness and lightness of heart seemed
gone.
"He'll get me yet," was all he said
when we asked him the trouble. "He,"
of course, meant the captain, who for
some unaccountable reason had taken
a strong dislike to the lowly drummer.
Things went from bad to worse. Dumpey
was in the guard-house continually;
first for one thing and then another,
which, though trivial enough in their
way, were rapidly building up a bad
reputation for him, which he did not
really deserve.
The end came when they found him
drunk on guard. The general court,
which tried him, found him guilty and
sentenced him to be drummed out of
the service. The colonel wrote to the
reviewing authority rather strongly in
his favor, but Dumpey was doomed.
Nothing could save him, and the sen-
tence was duly confirmed.
Never did sun shine brighter, never
were skies bluer, never was nature
more generous than on that dreadful
May morning almost 30 years ago. We
had all been to see Dumpey at the
guard-house the night before. We had
shaken hands with him and carried
him such boyish gifts as we could to as-
sure him of our loyalty and friendship,
and he, poor old boy, had turned his
face away from us and wept like a
child.
Almost 30 years ago—I was a very
young boy then, still I remember that
the sun was bright and that skies were
blue; I remember that the air was soft
and balmy; I remember that the flag,
emblem of liberty and equality, threw
out the glory of its stars and stripes
straight and strong to the morning
breeze; I remember that we all stood
huddled together, waiting—and then it
came.
First the drums and fifes; then two
platoons of men, fully armed and
equipped, their bayonets flashing and
sparkling in the sunlight, and between
them, Dumpey, with head closely
cropped, and on his back a board
marked "Drunkard."
And still—the sun shone, the skies
were blue, and the flag flapped gayly
overhead.
On they came, the drums and fifes
playing the "Rogues' March."
Poor old soldier; poor old soldier,
Tarr'd and feathered and then drumm'd
out
Because he couldn't keep sober.
Our hearts were in our throats, but
we clenched our hands and held our
places like men.
There was no music in the march; it
was simply a wailing and sobbing of the



drums—the drums to drum Dumpey
out of the service; Dumpey, their cham-
pion, their hero, their king.
But on they came—
Poor old soldier, poor old soldier—
Just as they passed us we heard some
one ask:
"What makes him walk so queer? He
seems to be limping."
Every boy there could have told him
that it was the bullet he got at Mission
Ridge, which the doctors had never
been able to take out.
And on they came—
Tarr'd and feathered and then drumm'd
out—
At last they reached the sally port—
Because he couldn't keep sober,
shrieked out the fifes, and a moment
later Dumpey stood outside the fort, a
free man.
And then—this worthless outcast,
this drummed out drunkard, this limp-
ing, halting, wounded ex-soldier, who
had played a man's part in the bitterest
war the world has ever known, this
drunken Dumpey, halted, quietly took
the board from his back, and, bearing
his closely-cropped head to the morn-
ing sun, looked up toward the flag and
bravely cried out:
"Three cheers for the Stars and
Stripes."
I have never forgotten it. Please
God I never will.—N. Y. Sun.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Food Adulterations.
During the month of July inspectors
from the state dairy and pure food com-
mission visited 74 places and inspected
a large number of stocks. State Anal-
yst Rossman says:
Thirty-eight samples of food products
were examined of which 19 were found
adulterated. Out of nine samples of mus-
tard analyzed not one was found to be
pure, while 12 out of 29 samples of pepper
were found to be adulterated. Turmeric
and wheat flour are the most common in-
gredients used in the adulteration of mus-
tard. Pepper is frequently found to con-
tain ground peas, chocolate is adulterated
with corn starch, cocoa with cane sugar
and arrow-root, cream of tartar with
gypsum, and ginger with rice, starch and
mustard hulls.
Health in Michigan.
During the week ended on August 29
reports sent in by 52 observers in vari-
ous portions of the state indicate that
inflammation of the bowels, remittent
fever, erysipelas, influenza and inter-
mittent fever increased and dysentery
decreased in area of prevalence. Con-
sumption was reported at 217 places,
typhoid fever at 53, diphtheria at 16,
scarlet fever at 16, measles at 33 and
whooping cough at eight places.
Law Firm Dissolved.
The law firm at Detroit of Dickinson,
Thurber & Stevenson, which is com-
prised of Hon. Don M. Dickinson, Henry
T. Thurber, private secretary to Presi-
dent Cleveland, and Elliott G. Steven-
son, late chairman of the democratic
state central committee, has dissolved
on account of political differences which
have arisen between Messrs. Dickinson
and Stevenson since the Chicago con-
vention.
Preferred Death to Arrest.
Charles A. Church, a member of the
banking firm of Church & Son, which
failed recently at Lowell, shot and fa-
tally injured his wife, Jennie, and then
turned the revolver on himself and fired
a bullet into his head with fatal results.
Deputy Sheriff Cowans, of Grand Rap-
ids, was approaching Church's house to
serve a writ on that gentleman when
he committed the crime.
Lumber Firm in Trouble.
Merrill & Ring, of Saginaw, one of
the largest lumber firms in the val-
ley, has asked for an extension of time
from their creditors. The firm has
more than \$500,000 worth of assets,
but owing to the recent failures of other
lumbering concerns and the business
depression they are unable to care for
short-time paper.
Panic on a Steamer.
The boiler of the steamer Manitou, at
Clark's lake, exploded while carrying
over 100 passengers to meet a C. J. &
M. train for Jackson. Engineer Hinck-
ley, Mrs. Jewell, of Parma, and Robert
Tawse, of Owosso, were badly but not
fatally scalded. A number of the pas-
sengers jumped into the lake, but all
were rescued.
Liquor Dealers Elect Officers.
The Michigan Liquor Dealers' Pro-
tective association held their fourth an-
nual convention in Port Huron and
elected the following officers: Presi-
dent, John Mohn, Detroit; vice presi-
dent, C. Kauth, Hancock; secretary,
George Bostock, Detroit; treasurer,
James A. Wells, Bay City.
Mr. Eldridge Declines.
Archibald B. Eldridge, of Marquette,
has wired the state committee of the
"sound money" democracy his per-
emptory refusal to accept the nomina-
tion for lieutenant governor, tendered
him at the convention of the party at
Lansing. He will have nothing to do
with politics.
Brief News Items.
Jim Corbett, the sea lion that es-
caped from Lincoln park, Chicago, sev-
eral years ago, was killed by Charles
and Robert Leitz, a couple of farmers
near High Bridge, 30 miles up the Man-
istee river.
The farm, dwelling house and barn
of Albert R. Embury, two miles north
of Romeo, was burned to the ground.
The household effects were also de-
stroyed.
W. N. Winans, a well-known dry goods
dealer in Detroit, committed suicide.
He hired a rowboat, rowed out on the
river and jumped into the water. The
body was recovered. Winans was in
financial trouble. He was about 40
years of age and leaves a widow and
one son.
The people of Flint were greatly sur-
prised when they heard of the death
of Postmaster Hicock. He was only
sick two days.
The Edward Hines Lumber company
has purchased the season's entire cut
of the mill of the Spalding Lumber com-
pany at Cedar river, the cut being es-
timated at 30,000,000 feet.
While a crew was handling the heavy
angle iron chain on one of the Brown
hoists at Wheeler's shipyard in Bay City,
the chain broke, striking Thomas Park-
er and breaking his neck. His home
was in Detroit.
The Finnish church at Hancock was
damaged about \$1,000 by a bolt of
lightning and Jose Riipa, connected
with the church as a teacher, was in-
stantly killed. Several children in the
building were uninjured.
The survivors of the Eleventh Michi-
gan infantry, at their annual reunion at
Sturgis, decided to erect a monument
in that town to Gen. Stoughton, the
former commander of the regiment.

LIFE WITHOUT BRAINS.

Experiments as to the Utility of That Organ.
Prof. Witmer, in his university ex-
tension lecture, spoke of that impor-
tant method of investigating parts of
the nervous system known as extirpa-
tion. A given part of the nervous sys-
tem is destroyed, and the animal is
then studied to see what movements
he is able to make without the activity
of the parts of the brain which have
been removed. Even all of the central
nervous system above the spinal cord
may be removed in some animals and
they may still be kept alive long
enough to show what the spinal cord
is able to do without the brain.
"The frog whose brain has been re-
moved," said Prof. Witmer, "is still
able to draw his toe up toward his
body when the toe is pinched, or if his
toe is placed in acid he will remove the
toe from the acid, or when a piece of
blotting paper soaked in acid has been
placed upon his back he can even move
the foot up over the back to remove
the acid. All this is done by the spinal
cord alone, without any sensation on
the part of the frog, because the frog,
as a conscious organism, has been de-
stroyed by the removal of the brain.
"The human being breathes, sneezes,
coughs and hiccoughs from the me-
dulla through the agency of reflex cen-
ters located there, and a frog deprived
of the parts above the medulla may
swim, turn over upon his belly when
placed upon his back and perform ac-
tions generally taken as indicative of
intelligence even when more impor-
tant parts of the brain remain intact.
If only part of the brain be removed,
leaving the optic lobes and basil gan-
glia intact, the frog in moving away
from a stimulus will jump out of the
road of an obstruction, not necessarily
because he sees the obstruction, but
because the visual stimulus acts con-
jointly with the touch to produce the
movement of swerving to one side.
"We may hastily conceive of the
normal frog as reacting as a nervous
mechanism acting under the influence
of environments in accordance with
the life habits of its species, but such
would be only a one-sided view of the
relation of mind to the development of
habits of action. We know more of
our own mental life than we know of
the activity of our ganglionic cells. We
really interpret the physiological ac-
tion of a brain by our knowledge of
the action only of the mind. We know
our own states of mind, which we de-
signate by the term volition, and we
know that actions performed under the
influence of volition become habitual
and automatic. In this they approach
the reflex actions, which have pre-
viously been considered. From this
point of view we are justified in believ-
ing that reflex actions were developed
under the influence of the will, but as
the nervous mechanism became adapted
and fit to perform the action alone,
they were left to it alone in conse-
quence of the saving of time and force,
and thus it is that our habitual actions
are often performed by us automatically,
involuntarily and unconsciously."
—Philadelphia Press.
FIGHTING FOR JOURNALISM.
Diminutive Republic of Goust Has a Small War on Its Hands.
The desire for fight and battle and
blood which seems to be raging the
world over is not confined to those na-
tions which have millions of dollars in
their coffers and hordes of soldiers in
their barracks.
Even the tiny republic of Goust, which
has probably the smallest population
and the tiniest bank account, and cer-
tainly the most diminutive army on
earth, has trouble on its hands. Its
president has issued a proclamation that
no one of the three score or more of peo-
ple in his dominion are hereafter to pub-
lish a newspaper without the executive
sanction.
As nearly a seventh of the popula-
tion is engaged in the publication of a
newspaper contrary to the executive
wish, a revolution is in prospect, and
the army of Goust has been ordered out
for the protection of the government
building. The commander in chief of
the army is a son-in-law of the four
men who are enrolled on the military
list.
The republic of Goust is in the lower
Pyrenees mountains, and its inde-
pendence is recognized by both France
and Spain, which are the only two coun-
tries having sufficiently good national
memories to recall its existence. The
revenue of the republic was less than
\$5,000 last year, so it cannot afford much
of a revolution.—Philadelphia Press.
Discrimination.
The young man with longish hair
was gazing abstractedly out of the car
window when the fatherly old gentle-
man came along looking for a seat.
Having settled himself in comfort, he
engaged his neighbor in conversation.
"Been on a long journey?" he asked.
"Not very."
"On business?"
"No, sir. In pursuit of my profes-
sion."
"Oh! Excuse me. Might I ask what
the difference is?"
"My business, sir, is selling things
in a hardware store; but my profes-
sion is acting."—Washington Star.
Beauty of Corsican Women.
Corsican women are models of queen-
ly grace and the reason is plain. They
have a curious custom of carrying bur-
dens, waterpots, etc., on their heads.—
Chicago Tribune.

TAKES IN WASHINGTON.

Li Hung Chang Sees Many Wonderful Things and Asks Questions.
Washington, Sept. 5.—Li Hung Chang,
after breakfast at 6:30 a. m., was driven
about the city and shown the public
buildings and principal points of in-
terest. At noon he partook of luncheon
at the Chinese legation and afterward
inspected the buildings, method of
transacting business and held a long
conversation with Minister Yang Yee.
In the afternoon Maj. Gen. Miles,
Gen. Beck, Gen. Ruggles, Gen. Greeley
and others called to pay their respects.
The viceroy asked Gen. Miles how old
he was, and when the general told him
he had served with Grant the viceroy
became deeply interested and asked nu-
merous questions about Grant's army
life. After this interview ex-Secretary
Foster took the viceroy, Lord Li and
Dr. Mark to call on Secretary Carlisle
at the latter's residence. The visit
turned out to be the most important of
the day and resulted in the complete
demolition of the afternoon pro-
gramme. When the discussion had con-
tinued until 4:30 o'clock the viceroy
drove to Secretary Lamont's, where he
left his card, repeating this courtesy
at the residences of Gen. Miles and
Secretary Francis. At seven o'clock he
sat down to an elaborate dinner ten-
dered by Secretary Foster. During the
repast the United States Marine band,
under special orders from the navy de-
partment, gave a serenade. At the con-
clusion of the dinner Gen. Foster made
a few remarks, to which Li Hung Chang
responded through his interpreter in
written speech.
His address expressed the favorable
impression received by him during his
visit to the United States of the liberty
and freedom enjoyed by the people, the
welfare and prosperity in their indus-
trial and commercial pursuits, the char-
acteristics of their classical, historical,
philosophical and poetical literature,
the manner of application of the
scientific discoveries for promoting the
happiness of mankind and the display
of their artistic taste in the architecture
of the public buildings, sculpture and
paintings of historical figures and
facts. These impressions, he said, he
would carry home, not only as aug-
mentations to his store of knowledge
of the points of western modern civil-
ization, but as the means of enlighten-
ing the millions he represents and in-
culcating the introduction of those very
means and ends of civilization into
China and amalgamating the oldest civil-
ization of the far east with the most
modern of the extreme west.
TO BE PERPETUATED.
Movement in the Interests of the History of Southern Confederacy.
Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 5.—The
movement inaugurated by Charles
Broadway Rouss, of New York, to per-
petuate the history of the southern con-
federacy and deeds of southern bravery
by erecting a magnificent memorial
building, was promoted by the action of
the board of trustees, whose first ses-
sion was brought to a close Thursday
night on Lookout mountain. Corporate
existence will be given the movement
by a charter obtained in Mississippi for
the Confederate Memorial association.
The idea of a battle abbey has been
abandoned as impracticable, and the
structure to be erected will be called the
Confederate Memorial institute.
Fifteen states, the District of Colum-
bia, Oklahoma and the Indian territory
are represented on the board. It is es-
timated that the institute will involve an
outlay of at least \$500,000 before com-
pletion. Its chief mission will be edu-
cational in character, by collecting to-
gether the correct facts at issue in the
history of the late war. Capt. J. M.
Hickey, of Washington, was seated as
a member of the board, over W. A. Gor-
don, contestant.
WILL ONLY GET PART.
Heirs of Pythian Suicides Can Receive But Partial Benefits.
Cleveland, O., Sept. 2.—The morning
session of the supreme lodge Knights of
Pythias was the warmest of the conven-
tion. The report of the board of con-
trol, uniform rank, recommending that
suicides be debarred from all death ben-
efits, if death occurs within a period of
five years after joining the order,
aroused a strong opposition. A compro-
mise was effected whereby the heirs of
suicides will be settled with on the
graduation system of life expectation
as used by the American board of
underwriters. Thus, if a man enters
the order and is classed with 20 years'
expectation of life, he will receive one-
fourth of the benefit if he commits
suicide when he has been five years in
the order.
China Favors Salisbury's Proposition.
London, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the
Central News from Shanghai says that
the government at Peking is disposed
to agree to the conditions proposed by
Lord Salisbury, that in exchange for
the increase of tariff by China that
government shall concede the aboli-
tion of transit dues and permit free
trade within the empire.
Steamer Sunk, No Lives Lost.
London, Sept. 5.—The British steamer
Ravenshugh, from Alexandria for Hull,
came into collision off Finisterre
Thursday with the steamer Fusiyan,
from Antwerp for Lophorn, sinking the
latter almost immediately. No lives
were lost.
Plurality for Groat 30,000.
St. Albans, Vt., Sept. 3.—Returns
from the counties complete give Groat
30,000 plurality.

Our Stock - - OF - - School Supplies

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I will not be undersold.

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Do you wish to buy or rent farm or village property?
Have you money to loan on good security?
Do you wish to borrow money?
Do you want insurance against fire, lightning or windstorms?
If so, call on

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F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:

Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

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RE

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Our Full Line of Men's, Boys and Children's

Overcoats

Are now in for Fall and Winter. Select One Now.

Don't You Want

A PAIR OF PANTS?

Our Stock is Complete.

NEW HATS AND CAPS.

Special Prices now on Overcoats for Early Sales.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

A Cut in Lard.

On and after Saturday, September 5th, I shall sell Choice Steam Kettle Rendered Lard in 25-pound lots at 5 cents per pound, smaller lots at 6 cents per pound.

For Cash Only.

This is my own make and cannot be duplicated for the money. Every pound warranted or money refunded.

Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's
Auctioneer.

Headquarters
at

HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnish-
ed Free.

READY ON TIME.

Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-
piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry
you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you
buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.



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MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.
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the public by a notice given free of charge in the
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man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a
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The modern stand-
ard Family Medi-
cine: Cures the
common every-day
ills of humanity.

R-I-P-A-N-S

Subscribe for the HERALD

Here and There.

Mrs. Odella Ruche, who has been quite ill, is better.

John Martin, of Ann Arbor, left for home last Monday.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. Graham, of Unadilla, have returned from a visit at Sand Beach.

The Democrats, Populists and Silverites are each holding their county convention in Ann Arbor to-day.

The Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co. found it necessary to make an assessment of \$3 per \$1,000 this year.

One hundred and twenty-five onion crates for sale. Second place west of Miller's foundry. David Bennett.

According to a careful estimate the population of Michigan in 1895 was 2,278,579. Great is the state of Michigan.

The next teachers' examination for Washtenaw county will be a special examination for third grade certificates to be held in Manchester Friday, Sept. 18.

Prof. Willard Hagadorn, the well-known eye specialist, will be at the Boyd House, Chelsea, Tuesday, Sept. 15. One day and evening only. Consultation free as usual.

Died, Sept. 2, 1896, at his home in Hersey, Mr. C. M. Andrews, aged about 55 years. The remains were brought here last Friday and the funeral held from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Crowell, in the afternoon, Rev. Thos. Holmes officiating.

The following from this vicinity passed the recent examination at Ann Arbor and are entitled to teach: Second grade—J. Schmid, Edith Foster, Irma Smith, D. C. Marion and Nellie Lowry. Third grade—Lucy Leach, Edith Noyes and Dorritt Hoppe.

It is encouraging to potato growers in western Michigan to know that in addition to the decrease of 15 per cent in acreage planted throughout the country, the crop is not very good in certain sections. The probability is that potatoes will command 25 cents a bushel and upwards this coming fall.

Mr. John Tynan, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gallagher, Mrs. Kate Gallagher, Edward Gallagher, Jr., Mrs. James, Mr. and Mrs. Hagan, of Adrian; Mrs. Ganley and Mrs. Holmes, of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Martin, of Ann Arbor, and Mesdames Morrison and Kearns, of Grand Rapids, who were called to Chelsea by the death of Miss Bridget McKune, left for home last Saturday.

To keep out flies try this: Buy five cents worth of oil of lavender, mix it with same quantity of water. Then put it into a common glass atomizer and spray it around the room where flies are apt to congregate, especially in the dining room, where 'tis well to spray it well over the table linen. The odor is very disagreeable to flies, and they never venture in its neighborhood, while to most people the odor is pleasing and refreshing.

Most readers will be glad to know what occurred 80 years ago. The twelve months of that year passed without a summer. Frost occurred every month in the year 1816. Ice formed one-half inch thick in May. Snow fell to the depth of three inches in New York and also in Massachusetts in June. Ice was formed as thick as a common window glass throughout New York on the 5th day of July. Indian corn was so frozen that the greater part was cut in August and dried for fodder, and farmers supplied themselves from the corn produced in 1815 for the seeding of 1817.—Ex.

Carr, charged with forgery, and Frankenstein, the young Jew who is up for larceny, made a cunning attempt to escape from the county jail Tuesday night. When the turnkey locked the cells these two men were hidden away, one behind the heating pipes attached to the ceiling, the other behind some shelving. Their absence from their cells was not noticed. After the turnkey had gone the men tried to dig a hole through the south wall. They had three screws and an old knife, but had removed one large brick when the noise gave them away.—Ann Arbor Democrat.

At a Democratic caucus held in the Town Hall last Tuesday evening the following delegates were chosen to attend the Democratic convention in Ann Arbor to-day: J. S. Gorman, Frank Sweetland, Geo. Staffan, Henry Spear, J. E. McKune, Chancery Hummel, Martin Merkel, Henry Frey, Cyrus Updike, J. J. Rafferty, Hiram Lighthall, C. E. Whitaker and Herman Schable. The following delegates were also chosen to attend Representative convention: Jas. Taylor, W. A. Conlan, Thos. Spear, Hiram Lighthall, B. B. Turnbull, Luke Guinan, Peter Hindelang, Frank McNamara, J. W. Beissel, Jas. Sibley, Wm. Long, Samuel Loutan, Jas. Gettes, Jr.

Odd and Ends.

Noah was the first man to advertise. He advertised the flood and it came through all right. The fellows who laughed at the advertising got drowned, and it served them just right. Ever since Noah's time the advertiser has been prospering, while the other fellow has been swallowed up in the flood of disaster.

The greatest mystery to the publisher is how some people in the community, who never pay one cent towards the support of the paper, are able to almost repeat word for word the whole paper as it appears each week. The editor asks them to take the paper and they say, "No, I guess not. I see the paper every week, and there's not much news in these little weekly papers anyway."

There is a terrible scandal at Long Branch. A boy wearing bloomers and a short skirt over them managed to smuggle himself into the girls' handicap bicycle race at that fashionable resort and naturally came in first. Then he was discovered, and a terrible uproar took place. The girls were all too tired to ride it over again, and so the prizes were awarded in order to those who came in behind this unprincipled swindler.

Railroad officials are teaching employees to be wary. Heretofore operators along the line would notify station agents of the intended visits of officials, and the boys would clean up and have things look as slick as possible. Now the rule on some roads is to keep the movements of officials a secret, and the fellow who "leaks" will get his discharge. Hereafter the agent and his assistants will not be able to sit around and play seven up, smoke fine cigars and wear Sunday-go-to-meetin' clothes every day, if he expects to hold his job.

The grapes in some sections are now fast ripening, and a new pest has been discovered which is fast destroying the bunches and is wreaking an unexpected damage. This newcomer to interfere with the happiness of the fruit raisers is nothing more than the bees. In years past it has not been an uncommon thing for the owners of vineyards to find grapes which have been split open by the sun set upon by the bees, which suck out all the sweet juice inside, but this year the bees are not waiting for the sun to open the grape, but are making the incisions themselves and then taking all the best part of the grape.—Ex.

Boys, you had better stop "coonin'" this season. A law passed by the recent legislature says that fruit must be protected. Here is that part of the act which should interest the young Americans: "Any person who shall enter any vineyard, orchard or garden during the months of July, August, September and October without the consent of the owner and pick, take, carry away, destroy or injure any of the fruit, vegetables or crops therein, or in anywise injure or destroy any bush, tree, vine or plant, shall on conviction be imprisoned in the county jail not more than ninety days or fined not more than \$100, or both."

Just now the public is interested to know of what nationality the McKinley family originated. Our Wm. McKinley's great great grandfather came from Peim-brookshire, Wales, and his name was Wm. Machynlith. It being a Welsh name too hard for the English to utter correctly, it was first pronounced "Mackinleth," and finally the family name changed to Mc. Kinley. Such being the case, that little nation of unconquered Britons now known as Welsh (whose national characteristics are their great love for religion, music and liberty) seems to have a good share of the highest honor our country can bestow. President Jefferson was of pure Welsh blood, and John Adams, Garfield, Harrison and McKinley being partly of Welsh descent. Our authority regarding McKinley is his statement to that effect at a musical festival in Columbus a few years ago, which facts are now going the rounds of the press.

When you call at the office for your mail and the postmaster hands it out, ask him if that is all. If you ask him for your mail and he tells you there is none, tell him there ought to be, then go home and send the rest of the family around a different times during the day. Don't bring your mail to the postoffice until the mail closes, then sail into the postmaster for not opening the mail bag and putting your letter in. When you want a stamp on your letter tell the postmaster to put it on. If he don't lick it, lick him. In case you put it on yourself soak it in your mouth long enough to remove the mucus; it will stick then until dry. Be sure to ask the postmaster to credit you with a stamp; if he has any accommodation about him he will do it. If you have a box, stand and drum on it until the postmaster hands out your mail. It will make him feel good, especially if he is waiting on some one else.—Ex.

No Prices Like Ours On Groceries

Every price we quote is the lowest. We intend to keep our prices always the lowest. If they're not bring your purchase back and get the money. That's our standing offer. Compare this list—consider that quality is the choicest—and see if such prices are to be found elsewhere. Quick, free delivery.

Try a can of our

Standard

and

Select Oysters.

Also the Finest and Freshest

Chocolate

and

Plain Creams

To be had in the city. Put up in small boxes.

Have you
One of Our

Gold Spoons?

If not, buy your groceries of us and get one.

We will not be undersold in anything.

J. W. Beissel's.

Cash paid for eggs.

DOCTORS

KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of

Nervous, Blood, Sexual and
Private Diseases

17 Years in DETROIT. 200,000 Cured

YOUNG MAN You are nervous and debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition; lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; drains at stool; cooling on excitement; baggy looking; weak back; bone pains; ulcers; hair loose; sore throat; varicose; want of confidence; impotency; lack of energy and You Need Help

MARRIAGE This important step in life should never be taken until you are positively cured if you have been weakened or diseased. Remember "Like father, like son." Emissions, varicose, spermatorrhea and syphilis endanger happiness in married life. Our New Method cures them permanently. If you are married consult us at once, as we can restore your strength, vital energy and desires. If you wish to marry, our advice may be worth a fortune to you.

Don't Let Your Life be Drained Away!

The New Method Treatment. This New Method was discovered by us several years ago. It builds up and strengthens the nervous system; restores lost vitality to the sexual organs; stops all drains and losses; invigorates and restores lost manhood. It never fails in curing the results of Self Abuse, Later Excesses, Blood Diseases, or the effects of a Misspent Life.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

What we Treat and Cure!

Emissions, Varicose, Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Gleet, Impotency, Unnatural Discharges, Lost Manhood, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Consumption, Free. Write for Question Book for Home Treatment. Everything Confidential. Plain envelopes. Nothing sent C. O. D. See testimonials next week.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN
148 Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

Ind. The cause of the wreck is unknown.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Report of the Commander in Chief.—Will Meet Next in Buffalo.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 4.—Officially the thirtieth national encampment of the G. A. R. opened Thursday morning in the Auditorium before an immense audience of grand army men and citizens generally from far and near.

Gov. Clough extended the greetings of Minnesota, and Gen. Walker returned the thanks of the grand army for the lavish and hearty hospitality which had been showered upon the city's guests.

After the exercises all but grand army men were requested to leave the hall and the encampment went into executive session. The first business done was to hear the report of the commander-in-chief.

The commander commends for perusal the reports of staff officers, and on membership says:

"The total membership of the Grand Army of the Republic is \$85,406, of which \$60,000 are in good standing and 42,511 are carried on the suspended list for non-payment of dues, a decrease in this list during the past year of 7,689. The gain by muster during the year was 13,467. In this recapitulation, the department of Pennsylvania shows a loss of 5,553 members that have been erroneously carried on the rolls for several years and were counted in the last report. The total loss during the year was 11,490, of which number 7,293 was by death, which is a decrease of 75 from last year."

"The report of the quartermaster general shows our finances to be in good condition, and that there has been a reduction in expenses aside from that paid out by order of the encampment in fitting up rooms for our archives and custodian's salary, and in prosecuting the Long pension case."

On the subject of pensions Gen. Walker suggests that all be paid by checks from Washington.

He declares that the negro post at Austin, Tex., was denied admission for valid reasons other than color.

The commander closed with an eloquent memorial to the departed comrades.

Buffalo will entertain the Grand Army of the Republic next year. It did not take the national encampment long to settle that question, which has in other



MAJ. THADDEUS S. CLARKSON.

years provoked a lively contest. Denver, the only other city which was presented, was withdrawn before a ballot was taken and was never seriously regarded as a competitor for the honor. So the vote was made unanimous.

At the afternoon session the report of the pension committee was presented and referred to committee to report on its recommendations. The report referred to the act passed in 1894 providing that pensions should not be withheld until after a judicial hearing by the commissioner of pensions, and added:

"The administration of the pension bureau has been continued as though the provision referred to was but waste paper and the feeling of uncertainty and doubt has been but slightly if to any extent allayed. It is in vain that wise, just and patriotic laws be passed if they are not administered with an even eye and an equal hand. We recommend that this encampment speak clearly and distinctly so that its meaning cannot be misunderstood by anyone urging upon the senate the necessity for the prompt passage of the bill in all its essential features as passed by the house."

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 5.—Maj. Thaddeus S. Clarkson, of Omaha, was elected commander in chief of the G. A. R. by acclamation by the national encampment Friday morning.

Adj. Gen. J. D. Mulken, of Minnesota, was unanimously elected senior vice commander, that office always going to the state where the encampment is held.

The junior vice commandship went to the south. Charles W. Buckley, of Alabama, was elected. Comrade Shoales, of Georgia, was also a candidate. A. E. Johnson, of the department of the Potomac, Washington, D. C., was elected surgeon general and Rev. Mark R. Taylor, of Massachusetts, chaplain in chief.

The utterances of President Eliot, of Harvard university, concerning the grand army were presented in a report from the committee on resolutions, which was adopted, declaring that "while we emphatically condemn such statements as unworthy and untruthful, we will not dignify them by a formal resolution of condemnation."

The project of establishing national parks on the site of Vicksburg and Fredericksburg was strongly intorsed. A resolution was adopted asking congress to pass a law forbidding the use of the national coat-of-arms and flag for political purposes or for private gain, as in a trademark or label.

On motion of Cumberland post No. 37, of Illinois, the encampment supported the proposition to raise Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., to the rank of lieutenant general.

The encampment installed the new officers and adjourned at one o'clock this morning.

Mrs. Agnes Hitt, of Indianapolis, was elected president of the Women's Re-

The recommendation in the president's report that Andersonville prison site be purchased by the corps and kept permanently in condition as a war exhibit was adopted. A committee was appointed to attend to the matter and every member of the corps was asked to contribute five cents towards the purchase and maintenance of the fund. Over \$2,500 were subscribed to the fund by the delegates present.

PYTHIANS AT MINNEAPOLIS

Knights of the Western and Southeastern States Meet.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 2.—Camp Yale, where the big encampment of the Knights of Pythias of the western and southeastern states is being held, is the center of interest for thousands of strangers in the city. The brigade of Illinois, headed by Gen. J. S. Barkley, of Springfield, arrived on special trains Tuesday morning over 800 strong. Soon after the Kentucky brigade came in on two special trains. The Pythians are arriving every few minutes from all parts of the west and south. Points as far south as Mobile, Ala., and west to Seattle are represented at the encampment. The encampment was formally opened Tuesday morning at ten o'clock, when an address was delivered by Robert Pratt, mayor of Indianapolis, and responded to by representatives of the various states. At night there was a grand illumination of the city in honor of the visitors, on which thousands of dollars have been expended in preparation. The Minneapolis carnival is also in progress this week, and some unique and elaborate parades will be held each night. It is estimated that there are now 30,000 strangers in the city, and the throng had hardly commenced coming.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 4.—The third day of the Knights of Pythian encampments opened very auspiciously. The knights gathered in Camp Yale number about 3,700. Thursday afternoon occurred the big parade, for which the streets of Minneapolis had been elaborately decorated, arches being erected at many of the street corners. In addition to the 3,700 uniformed knights the First regiment of the Minnesota national guard was in line and the parade was one of the finest ever seen in Minneapolis. In the competitive drills, for which \$4,000 in cash prizes is offered, the division of Sioux City, mounted, carried off first honors, with the division of St. Joe, Mo., a close second. The first prize for best drilling was between the divisions of Aurora, Ill., and Mobile, Ala.

LOYAL TO SEWALL.

Chairman Jones Says He Will Not Be Withdrawn.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Several days ago Chairman Jones, of the democratic national committee, wrote Mr. Arthur Sewall, stating that many democrats throughout the country, and especially throughout the west, were objecting to fusion with the populists on electoral tickets, for the reason that they do not wish to be disloyal to Mr. Sewall. In reply to Senator Jones, Mr. Sewall forwarded a copy of a letter written to Mr. Bryan July 25, while the St. Louis convention was in session, stating that having been nominated for president by the populists, with Mr. Watson for president, Mr. Bryan should not allow any personal consideration for the writer to influence him in deciding whether or not he would accept. He wrote further to Mr. Bryan expressing a desire that he should do just what he believed to be best for the success of the head of the ticket. He would not allow himself to be a factor in any action of Mr. Bryan's that would in the slightest degree hazard an electoral vote for him.

Chairman Jones, referring to the letter, said:

"The talk about the retirement of our candidate for vice president is too absurd to be seriously considered. Mr. Sewall's letter, written just after the nomination of Mr. Bryan by the St. Louis convention, is a splendid illustration of his loyalty to his associate on the democratic national ticket. He sees no embarrassment whatever in Mr. Bryan's nomination for president by another party and upon another ticket, but believes it to be an important step toward certain victory for the silver cause. It is a complete answer to efforts of the gold democrats to create the impression that Mr. Sewall will retire under any circumstances, to say that the democratic party and its national organization are just as loyal to Mr. Sewall as he himself is to Mr. Bryan and the great cause of the common people."

In the Hands of a Receiver.

Columbus, O., Sept. 5.—The Columbus Central Street Railway company was thrown into the hands of a receiver Friday morning, George H. Worthington, of Cleveland, being appointed. Business was light. The road is new and occupies new territory, the old line having the best streets. The assets are \$1,850,194, of which \$1,500,000 is bonded indebtedness. The balance is in notes and open accounts. The property is in fine condition and the managers claim it will pay out. A wet summer reduced receipts.

Big Money for an Arm.

Lancaster, Pa., Sept. 4.—The Pennsylvania Traction company has paid Frank Musser \$10,500 for an arm lost in a trolley car accident on July 4, caused by negligence of the company. The amount paid Musser compromised a suit for \$30,000. Other persons have suits aggregating \$200,000 pending.

Death of a Naval Officer.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 4.—Commander John Stark Newell, of the armored cruiser Detroit, who was taken sick here, while en route from China to Washington, died Thursday afternoon. The remains will be shipped to New York for interment.

TRUTH OR FICTION?

The Question Which Worried the Mind of the Banner Scribe.

Proven Undoubtedly True by a Practical Test Applied Locally by One of Bussey's Best Known and Respected Ladies—A Strange Story Easily Verified Right Here at Home Proves That "Testimonials" Are Not Fakes—Mrs. Elliott's Story a Clincher.

From the Banner, Bussey, Iowa.

The great frequency with which our attention has been attracted to certain articles, which generally go the rounds of all the leading newspapers, has caused us to wonder and speculate a great deal as to why none of these things ever happened to occur nearer home, and finally our interest and wonder grew to such a pitch that, knowing a certain lady in Bussey to be a regular purchaser of Pink Pills for something over two years, by reason of the fact that she had also induced our own wife to give it a trial, with very beneficial results, we at last determined to put the matter to the test and see if this lady could put aside her natural repugnance to appearing so prominently in print in order to encourage people generally to the greater use of her favorite remedy, by giving her testimonial for publication in her home paper, where those who read would know that it was no hoax fixed up merely to catch the unwary and credulous.

With this object in view, we called on Tuesday afternoon, on Anna Elliott, wife of our esteemed to wman, W. A. Elliott, proprietor of the Commercial Hotel, the leading hostelry of Bussey, Iowa. Mrs. Elliott is a lady well known for the ability and tact displayed in the management of the interior arrangements and affairs of the hotel, and the wonder has always been with those who have observed the amount of care and exertion required on her part, as to how she ever managed to keep up so well under the strain, and we give the sequel in her own words.

"I have been landlady of the Commercial House now for nearly 15 years, and for a long time was hardly able to get along with the work at all, being always out of sorts, affected by pains in the head, dizziness, and general weakness and nervousness, always feeling over-worked and hardly able to drag myself around from morning till night often nearly wishing that I were dead."

"If things had gone on much longer in this way I would certainly have broken down entirely and had to give up my work, but luckily, just at this juncture, I happened to read an article about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which seemed to cover the symptoms of my case exactly, and I sent direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, at Schenectady, N. Y., and procured two trial boxes. These did me so much good and I felt so much encouraged that I sent for a \$2.50 package and have always taken good care to keep a supply of them on hand since, in over two years now."

"Their continued use put me on my feet completely, as the saying is, and I have felt stronger and better able to do my work and see to things about the hotel than I ever was in my life before and Pink Pills have become the standard remedy in our family for every ill arising from debility of any kind. "One member of our family has been completely cured of a very bad and long-standing case of kidney trouble, while a number of the neighbors who have tried them speak highly in the praise of this remedy and declare that there is no other medicine that can possibly supply its place."

Those who know Mrs. Elliott know full well that she would not be willing to authorize the publication of the above statement without every word of it being strictly true, but to prove conclusively to any strangers who may read this article that it is every word "as true as gospel," she subscribes to the following affidavit, in the hope that her fellow beings who suffer as she did may be convinced of the wonderful merits of Pink Pills for Pale People and thereby be led to obtain relief through giving them a prompt and thorough trial.

STATE OF IOWA.

COUNTY OF MARION.

Personally appeared before me Mrs. Anna Elliott, of the town of Bussey, State of Iowa and County of Marion, and to me personally known, who testified on oath that the statements above set forth, and to her accredited, is her own voluntary testimonial and is duly authorized by her to be published over her name and that the same is true and correct in every particular.

Given under my hand this 3rd day of June, A. D., 1896.

[SEAL.] W. BURTON, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and readiness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatic neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

SMITHSON—"Hello, Dobson, you are getting stout, aren't you?" Dobson—"Well, I was getting stout; but since I bought my wheel, I have been falling off considerably."

\$400 Truck Farms in Virginia.

September 1st and 15th and October 6 and 20 Home Seekers' Excursion tickets will be sold from points in the west and northwest over the Big Four Route and Chesapeake and Ohio Ry. to Virginia at one fare plus \$3 for the round trip. Those who have investigated the state are of one opinion, that Virginia is the best state in the Union today for farmers. Situated at the doors of the great eastern markets with cheap transportation and a perfect climate it has advantages that cannot be overcome. Small farms may be had for \$10 per acre and upward according to location and improvements. For descriptive pamphlet of Virginia, list of desirable farms and excursion rates address U. L. Tamm, N. W. R. A. C. & O., Big Four Route, 234 Clark St., Chicago.

Those who are unsuccessful in their profession usually fancy they were destined for something higher.—Flegende Blaetter.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

A SOCIAL GATHERING—Taking up the collection.

VERY low rates will be made by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway for excursions of August 15th, September 1st, 15th and 24th, to the south, for Homeseekers and Harvesters. For particulars apply to the nearest local Agent, or address JAMES BARKER, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

You Are Not "Shaken Before Taken"

With malarial disease, but with prodigious violence afterwards, if you neglect immediate measure of relief. The surest preventive and remedial form of medication is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the potency of which as an antidote to miasmatic poison has been demonstrated for over forty years past. The liver when disordered and congested, the bowels if constipated, and the kidneys if inactive, are promptly aided by it, and it is invaluable for dyspepsia, nervous debility and rheumatism.

Which is the oldest, Miss Antiquity, old Aunt Diluvian, Miss Ann Terior, Miss Ann Centor, Miss Ann T. Mundane or Miss Ann T. Cedent?

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

Following "In Mizoura" come E. M. and Joseph Holland in a repertoire, including "A Social Highwayman" and two new plays.

Oh, lightning bug, how fair your fate, What peaceful hours you pass; You lavishly illuminate, And get no bills for gas.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Resorer. Free \$3 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. KLINE, 933 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

TOURIST (presenting his opened Baedeker to the coachman—"Here, driver, I want to see the first four pages."—Flegende Blaetter.

AFTER physicians had given me up, I was saved by Pilo's Cure.—RALPH ERIE, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

If an Indian takes cold, he is liable to have the whooping cough.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

You don't hear of a policeman being run over—they are never in the way.

Warner's Safe Cure

IN LARGE OR SMALL BOTTLES.



Owing to the many requests from its patrons, Warner's Safe Cure Co. have put on the market a smaller size bottle of Safe Cure which can now be obtained at all druggists at half the price of the large bottle.

Warner's Safe Cure

is not only a scientific vegetable preparation and does all that is claimed for it, but it is the only Kidney and Liver medicine used by the best people of four continents. A medicine that bears the stamp of the world's approval, and maintains its position for a fifth of a century, must necessarily possess peculiar merit.

The Blue and the Gray.

Both men and women are apt to feel a little blue, when the gray hairs begin to show. It's a very natural feeling. In the normal condition of things gray hairs belong to advanced age. They have no business whitening the head of man or woman, who has not begun to go down the slope of life. As a matter of fact, the hair turns gray regardless of age, or of life's seasons; sometimes it is whitened by sickness, but more often from lack of care. When the hair fades or turns gray there's no need to resort to hair dyes. The normal color of the hair is restored and retained by the use of

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Ayer's Curebook. "A story of cures told by the cured." 100 pages, free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



"A Good Foundation."

Battle Ax PLUG

Lay your foundation with "Battle Ax." It is the corner stone of economy. It is the one tobacco that is both BIG and GOOD. There is no better. There is no other 5-cent plug as large. Try it and see for yourself.

STEADY WORK WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and we pay everywhere in cash. STARK TREES, 1001 N. K. A. WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

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The Curfew Law.

Edward W. Bok, in the September Ladies' Home Journal, reviews the provisions and operations of the curfew ordinance, which, in variously modified forms, has been adopted by municipal legislative bodies in the west. He gives hearty endorsement to the law, and asserts that, although it met with general opposition at first, there is not a city or town in which it has been enforced that would have it abolished. "Wherever the curfew ordinance has gone into effect," Mr. Bok contends, "its advantages have been conceded. This is true now of over three hundred towns and cities, some as large in population as Omaha and Topeka. In each case the excellence of the law has become apparent, opposing parents have conceded its wisdom, and even children are said to be pleased with it. It has placed in the hands of the police a most effective weapon for clearing the streets of hoodlums at night, and in many cases where disorder reigned at street corners quietness, law and order now prevail. So well has the ordinance worked that reports, gathered from not less than forty of the towns where it is a law, show that the fine or imprisonment penalty has not been inflicted in a single case. The first caution has served the purpose. These reports show, too, that the ordinance is not enforced in any oppressive manner. In the case of evening winter or summer entertainments, which would keep the children out later than the curfew hour, authority is easily obtained and readily granted by the mayor or town official for an extension of the time. Its rigid enforcement is applied most strictly to the hoodlum element, and with this class the police claim they have never been able to deal so successfully. It will be at once obvious to all right-minded parents, I think, that they should give the weight of their influence to the curfew ordinance wherever it may be presented. Taken from any and every standpoint it is an excellent thing, and it may wisely be encouraged by parents all over our land."

Sit Up Straight.

The advice given by the greatest of bicycle riders, Zimmerman, is commended to the vain and silly people who prove that they don't know how to ride every time they get on a wheel.

Zimmerman says: "In riding, sit up straight. It is not necessary for you to stoop over." Every sensible man knew that before, but four-fifths of the boys and young men who ride use low handlebars and stoop over. Why? Simply for childish vanity. They think it makes them look like "scorchers." That is the height of their ambition. Now, here is the prince of bicyclists, the most famous of wheelmen, who says: "Sit up straight." He means, of course, in ordinary riding. In racing a wheelman can sit on his spine, or on his stomach, or on his head, if he wants to. This is exceptional and has nothing to do with street and road riding. Low handlebars are the curse of the wheel. They are a menace to public safety. They deform the body. They injure the health. Don't use them. Sit up straight.

Experiment in Fattening Hogs.

A feeding experiment has been conducted by the Illinois experiment station, the results of which are worthy of careful attention. It was conducted in finishing off and fattening hogs. These experiments were made in nine different months in the year, and show excellent work. The average of the 16 lots showed 11 1/4 pounds live weight made from 56 pounds of corn. With corn worth 35 cents per bushel this would make pork cost a trifle over 8c per pound. The poorest results were obtained from work done in January, which showed 6.93 pounds from one bushel of corn fed to pigs weighing 109 pounds each. The next poorest results were obtained in June, July and August, and showed 8.28 pounds per bushel of corn fed to pigs weighing 206 pounds each. The third poorest result was in July and showed 8.66 pounds per bushel fed to pigs of 223 pounds weight. The best work was done in December and showed 14.81 pounds from one bushel of corn.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill st., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following typhoid malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stinson's drug store.

About the Teeth.

Damp weather booms the dentist business.

The first false teeth were made on lead plates.

Miss Abbie E. Ireland, of New York, was the first woman dentist.

People of the United States have the worst teeth of any nation.

Baltimore is known as the cradle of dentistry and has eight colleges.

Hippocrates, 450 B. C., was the first dentist of whom there is a record.

Gold-filled teeth are found in the jaws of skeletons exhumed at Pompeii.

A child is said to inherit the teeth of its father and the jaws of its mother.

Facial neuralgia is sometimes due to a dead tooth and may be cured by a dentist.

Big teeth and square jaws are always found with low foreheads and small craniums.

The substitution of porcelain filling for gold or amalgam is the dream of the dental scientist.

Wetting a tooth brush and dipping it in salt will be found very effective in the removal of tartar.

A Montana dentist's outfit consisted of stout twine, perforated bullets and a single-barreled pistol.

The implantation of teeth is not yet a success. Not over one tooth in fifteen takes root and flourishes.

Imperfect teeth are a sure sign of civilization. Perfect teeth are found, as a rule, only among savages.

George Washington wore false teeth, and two sets of them are owned in Baltimore as valuable heirlooms.

Republican Caucus.

The Republicans of the Township of Sylvan will meet at the Town Hall, in the village of Chelsea, on Saturday, Sept. 12, 1896, at 8 p. m., for the purpose of electing delegates to the county Convention, to be held in Ann Arbor on the 17th day of September, 1896, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the caucus.

By order of Committee.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Sept. 7, 1896:

A. Sager.
Jacob Reinold.
Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."
GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

Excursions.

Seventh Day Adventists' Annual Camp Meeting, Owosso, Mich., Sept. 16 to Oct. 5. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, Sept. 16, 22, 23 and 30. Good to return October 5.

Notices.

Bids will be received for the purchase and removal of the windmill and pump situated on Main street near the railroad. Bids opened Sept. 23, 1896.

JOHN B. COLE,
Village Clerk.

Dog Owners Take Warning.

I shall shoot every dog found running at large contrary to law.

RUSS GRAY,
Marshal.

August 4th, 1896.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stinson.

Odds and Ends.

Norfolk jackets retain their fast season's popularity.

The woman who can cry easily seldom feels deeply.

Luncheon parties at the country club are in great favor.

Street flirtation is the most unbridled of all amusements.

Among the novelties of the season are ecrus lined stamped like Scotch plaids.

Notices.

There will be a meeting of the Silver Club at the Town Hall Saturday evening at eight o'clock.

By order of Com.

Don't waste your money on cheap locks—they are the dearest.

Notice.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, Village of Chelsea, ss. To Helen Thomas: You will please take notice that Special Ordinance No. 17, a copy of which is hereto annexed, entitled, "A Special Ordinance relative to the construction of sidewalks on the west side of Congdon street, on the west side of Main street, on the north side of Orchard street, and on the north side of Van Buren street, in the Village of Chelsea," approved July 29, 1896, has been passed and duly published, that by the terms of said Special Ordinance you are required to make the improvement therein mentioned in front of your property situated in said Village, known, bounded and described as follows, viz: Lots 3 and 4 of Block 1, J. M. Congdon's third addition to said village.

Said sidewalk to be laid on the west side of Main street. Total length of walk 133 feet, which said sidewalk is required to be constructed within Forty Days from this date, failing in which, such improvement will be made by and under the direction of the Council, and the cost thereof levied as a Special Tax and collected in the manner provided by the Charter.

Dated August 25, 1896.

JOHN B. COLE,
Village Clerk.

Items Gleaned from the Lumber District.

People who used to buy tile and lumber of the old-time 500 per centers, and mortgage their farm to pay the bill, will be glad to learn that The Glazier Stove Co. have made a big hole in the old-time prices, by not charging for the holes in the tile.

The best Marblehead Kelley Island lime, 59 cents per barrel, of the Glazier Stove Co.

The Glazier Stove Co. will make prices on coal this season that will make the old-time 500 per center kick worse than ever, and make him think of the "Kold Winters" of the past—KOLD, extremely Kold for the people who helped him pocket a cool five thousand dollars profit on KOAL each season.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling good roof boards at \$7.50 per thousand.

Shingles, all grades at prices which make the old-time 500 per center kick and long for a return of the good old days, when 500 per cent (payable in wheat, wool or mortgage) was pocketed with ease.

Water lime, the very best, in bushel bags, 29 cents, of the Glazier Stove Co. What have you been paying for it?

You would never have been compelled to place that mortgage upon your farm if you had always been able to buy lumber, tile, coal and builders' supplies at the rate of profit at which The Glazier Stove Co. are now selling this line of goods.

Good bevel siding, \$8.00 per thousand, of the Glazier Stove Co. 500 per center's old-time price \$40.00 for the same stock.

Tile at right prices of the The Glazier Stove Co. No charge for the holes.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling first-class white pine boards at \$10.00 per thousand. You paid 500 per center \$40.00 for the same thing many a time before we punctured his balloon with our underbuy, undermell prices.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Glazier & Stinson, Druggists.

Markets.

Chelsea, Sept. 10, 1896.

Eggs, per dozen	10c
Butter, per pound	10c
Oats, per bushel	18c
Corn, per bushel	20c
Wheat, per bushel	56c
Potatoes, per bushel	28c
Apples, per bushel	10c
Onions, per bushel	50c
Beans, per bushel	60c

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for



AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything.

Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

FARMERS!

We are buyers of damp and off grades of wheat, particularly damp wheat. Wheat that is damp, but sweet, we can restore on the large dry-kiln in the Ann Arbor Central Mills. We are the largest buyers of all kinds of grain in Washtenaw County.

Almendinger & Schneider.

The Parlor Barber Shop,
Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Wanted—An Idea
Who can think of some thing to patent? Protect your idea; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

REVIVO

RESTORES VITALITY.
Made a Well Man of Me.
1st Day. 15th Day. 30th Day.
THE GREAT

FRENCH REMEDY,

Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores from effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretions Lost Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Loss of Power of either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which unfit one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a

Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Builder

and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off leanness and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, in plain wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money in every package. For free circular address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Chelsea, Mich., by

51 **ARMSTRONG & CO.**

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Michael Wade, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of George W. Turnbull, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 15th day of November and on the 15th day of February next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated August 17, 1896.

HIRSH PIERCE, JOHN J. WOOD, Commissioners.

Chancery Sale.

IN PURSUANCE and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, in chancery, made and entered on the fourth day of January, 1896, in a certain cause therein pending wherein Reuben Kempf is complainant and Mary Bertha is defendant.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction at the front door of the County Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County (that being the building in which said Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held), on Wednesday, the twenty-eighth day of October, 1896, at two o'clock in the afternoon or said day, all the following described real estate situated in the Township of Liberty, County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Twenty-five acres of land on the south end of the east half of the northeast quarter of section thirty-two. Also the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of said section thirty-two. Also all that part of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of said section thirty-two lying east of the center of the highway running north and south through the section. Also ten acres in a square form in the northwest corner of the south east quarter of section thirty-three. Also all that part of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-eight which lies southwesterly of Mill Creek and north of eight acres owned by Philip Granger, excepting and reserving the west six acres thereof.

O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD,
Circuit Court Commissioner.

G. W. TURNBULL,
Solicitor for Complainant.

Chancery Sale.

IN PURSUANCE and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, in chancery, made and entered on the fourth day of January, 1896, in a certain cause therein pending wherein Reuben Kempf and Charles H. Kempf are complainants and Gerhard Henry Kempf and Bertha H. Drosselhaus are defendants. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction at the east front door of the County Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County and State (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held), on Wednesday, the twenty-eighth day of October, 1896, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the following described real estate situated in the Township of Freedom, Washtenaw County, Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: All that tract of land known as the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section nine, except twenty acres off from the north part. Also the south half of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section number nine in said Township of Freedom, containing eighty acres of land, more or less, being the land conveyed by Bernhard Bertha to Henry Renou by deed recorded in the Register's Office for the County of Washtenaw, in Liber 35 of deeds on page 644. Excepting and reserving the following described parcel, commencing at south quarter post of said section nine, running thence north three chains and eighty-four and 7/10 links, thence east three chains and sixty links, thence south three chains, eighty-four and 7/10 links, thence west two chains and sixty links to the place of beginning.

O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD,
Circuit Court Commissioner.

G. W. TURNBULL,
Solicitor for Complainants.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Francis S. May, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased in the Township of Liberty, in said County, on the 30th day of October and on the 15th day of February next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, July 20th, 1896.

WILLIAM STOCKING, JAMES BARTON, Commissioners.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage made by George N. B. Renwick, of Salem, Washtenaw County, Michigan, to Johnson W. Knight, guardian of Minnie C. Henley and Nina B. Henley, dated the 23rd day of September, 1893, and recorded in the Register's Office of Washtenaw County in Liber 62 of Mortgages, on page 571, on the 24th day of September, 1896, at 3 o'clock p. m., which mortgage was duly assigned by said Johnson W. Knight to Paul Ann Dunn by deeds of assignment dated respectively the 27th day of September, 1895, and the 9th day of June, 1896, and recorded in said Register's Office in Liber 12 of Assignments of Mortgages, on pages 288 and 308, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand and eighty-four dollars (\$2,084), principal and interest, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount of said mortgage or any portion thereof:

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 16th day of September next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the east front door of the County Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County (that being the building in which said Circuit Court for said County is held), will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of said mortgage and the costs of this foreclosure. The premises to be sold as aforesaid are described as follows: The east half of the west half of the southeast quarter of section 28, also the east half of the west half of the northeast quarter of section 28, and all of that part of the east half of the west half of the southeast quarter of said section 28 lying north of the territorial line so called, as it crosses said quarter section, containing one hundred acres of land, more or less, all in the Township of Salem, Washtenaw County, Michigan.

Dated June 16, 1896.

POLLY ANN DUNN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

THOMPSON & HARRIMAN,
Attorneys of Assignee.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 15th day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbit, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Anna Catherine Steinbach, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George Steinbach praying that an instruction of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person, thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 21st day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the above day, to be held in the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that the petitioners give notice to the persons so interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chicago Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBIT,
Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.)
W. M. G. DOTY, Probate Register.